

At the request of the chairman, Col. J. T. Morehead explained the object of the meeting; and, after some remarks touching the practicability and prospects of the extension of the Western or Coalfields Railroad, introduced a series of resolutions, as follows:

WHEREAS, The act of the last Legislature, amending the charter of the Western Railroad, relieving the corporation of its indebtedness to the State, and by subscribing one million dollars of mortgage bonds, and extending the road through the rich valleys of the Yadkin and Dan, has made the completion of the road a fixed fact; and

Resolved, That now depends on the friends of the work to fix the time of its completion:

Resolved, That however unpropitious the political state of affairs may be, now is the time for the friends of this work to begin in earnest; and among the first in interest, intend to be second to none in our effort to hasten the completion of the road; and we call especially upon the people of Chatham, Alamance, Randolph, Forsythe, Stokes, Rockingham, Yadkin, and Surry to come forward at once and join in the movement.

That a committee of five appointed to communicate with the friends of the road in the above named counties in order to give organized aid to the officers of the road, and that for that purpose they make arrangements to hold meetings along the line of the road, and to receive subscriptions of land, labor, material and money; and further

That said committee lay before the people of Richmond, Petersburg and Danville the great benefits which will flow to their cities by opening this shortest and most direct route to the coast, and offer them the opportunity of joining with us in a work so beneficial to both.

The meeting was then addressed by Messrs. D. F. Caldwell, Ralph Gorrell, Col. Buford and J. A. Gilmer, Jr. and after suggestions from others, the resolutions were unanimously adopted.

The committee appointed under the above resolutions, are as follows: James T. Morehead, Jr., John A. Gilmer, Jr., D. F. Caldwell, Jesse H. Lindsay, D. W. C. Benson.

On motion, Resolved, that when this meeting adjourns, it shall be to meet in this place on Tuesday of August next.

The meeting then adjourned.

A. P. ECKER, Chairman.

L. SWAIN, Secretary.

GREENSBORO PATRIOT.

RALEIGH AND GASTON RAILROAD. The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad Company was held in Raleigh on the 4th inst. P. C. Cameron, of Orange, presided.

The act of the Legislature, to amend the charter of the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad Company, was read, and the President and Directors of the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad Company are authorized, in their discretion, to negotiate a loan not exceeding fifty thousand dollars, upon such terms as they may think proper, and to issue bonds for the same, in such sum and at such interest not exceeding six per cent, for the purpose of paying off the outstanding liabilities of the Company, and making such improvements in said road as may be necessary.

The committee to change the By-Laws reported, and the amendments suggested were adopted. Among the alterations made were the changing of the time of holding the annual meeting of Stockholders to the third Thursday in July in each year, the number of seven instead of four as heretofore, authorizing the Board to designate the places of deposit of stock, and to fix the rate of interest on the loan of Directors at \$5 per day when in attendance on the business of the Company, and copies sent to the Stockholders previous to the annual meeting of the Stockholders; and that said committee be and they are hereby authorized to execute the same.

Resolution by Hon. Thos. Bragg: Adopted.

WHEREAS, In the present depressed condition of the country and the discouraging prospect of the coming year, it is deemed that the strictest economy should be used in the management of the Railroad, not only to ensure dividends to the Stockholders, but to enable them to meet their current expenses:

Therefore Resolved, That the President and Directors of the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad Company be, and they are hereby instructed and enjoined to revise the list of officers and employees, now in the service of the Company, and to dispense with the services of all such as are not absolutely necessary for the safety and good management of the Road, and to dismiss all in their service who are inefficient, and to the discharge of their respective duties, and in all things to retrench the expenditures of the Company, so as to reduce them within the smallest practicable compass.

Resolved, That the President and Directors be and they are hereby authorized to call on the stockholders for the sum of \$100,000, to be paid in installments of \$20,000 each, and to use the same for the purpose of paying off the outstanding liabilities of the Company, and making such improvements in said road as may be necessary.

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From the Philadelphia Inquirer.

North Carolina—Judge Kelley's Tour.

The Land of Gold, Wine and Honey—Pennsylvania Seeking the Annuities of Pennsylvania—Philadelphia's Hard at Work with their Improved Machinery—Great Profits of Gold Mining—A Fine Field for Northern Capital and Industry—Its Resources to be Developed under the New Dispensation.

CITY OF CHARLOTTE, Mecklenburg county, N. C., June 26, 1867.

Recently, Judge Kelley and party, after leaving Montgomery, Alabama, arrived at this flourishing city, and in company with W. F. Lyons, Esq., correspondent of the New York Herald, and an experienced Cornish miner, visited several of the gold mines of this vicinity, worked by Pennsylvania.

A company, styled the Pennsylvania and North Carolina Gold Mining Company, has recently purchased about 500 acres of gold land, six miles west of this city, for which they paid \$20,000 in gold coin, and have erected a ten-stamp mill, which will be worked by a 60-horse power engine. When the arrangements are fully completed, it will be capable of crushing ten tons of ore per day. The length of vein upon this tract is very great, and the extensive industry will be richly rewarded; the working results of these ores show about \$85 per ton, although assays have been made as high as \$850 per ton. The superintendent told us that the land for agricultural purposes alone is fully worth the money paid for it, and that the mining operations will be a great benefit to the country.

The fertility of the soil is abundantly shown by the growing crops of wheat, oats and corn, which were waving luxuriantly on every side, and gave the plantation the appearance of a well-to-do Pennsylvania farmstead, and every thing betokened industry, energy and thrift.

Some idea of gold mining and the profits may be formed when it is stated that the ten-stamp mill will crush ten tons of ore daily, working both day and night, which, at \$85 per ton, will yield \$850 per day. And to this, the machinery, including mining, hoisting and pumping, required twenty men besides the superintendent. Laborers are plenty at one dollar per day, and estimating the whole expenses, including amalgamation, at \$200 per day (which is a very liberal estimate), there will be left a net profit of \$650 per day, or \$12,000 per month.

The Officers and Agents of the Bureau, in this State, are reminded that it is made an important part of their duty to inform all freed people of their rights and privileges conferred upon them by the Government, and to assist them in the exercise of their right of suffrage.

It is of great importance that all should be duly informed of this right, and the importance of its exercise. They should be taught the necessity of a prompt and thorough registration, and be assured that they will be protected against every effort offered to carry out the intention of the laws.

To this end Officers and Agents will use their best efforts to thwart designing persons in any attempt to impede registration; to prevent both intimidations or promises in any and every guise. It is known that threats of violence and gross representations have been used in order to deceive these people, and all such cases coming under their notice as in any way tending to interfere or impede the operations of the law will be at once reported to these Headquarters.

Those officers charged with these duties will exercise great caution in carrying out these instructions, taking care that their advice be tempered with judgment and impartiality. Every encouragement will be given to foster industry, particularly at this season, when so much depends upon prompt action.

These directions, to those whose duty it is to see that all rights guaranteed by the Government are properly enforced, must commend themselves to each and every person interested in the general welfare and progress of all classes, and it is hoped that they may meet with an approval which will greatly facilitate the future welfare of the citizens of the State.

By command of COL. NELSON A. MILES, Brevet Major General, Ass't Com'r. JACOB F. CHURCH, Brevet Lt. Col. A. A. General.

MILITARY COMMISSION.—We are informed that the Military Commission, which has been constituted for the trial of D. G. McKee, Esq., and Capt. John C. Fayetteville, now in confinement at Fort Mifflin, will convene in this city on Wednesday.

Rumor assigns a prominent lawyer of this city to the prosecution, by employment of the District Commander. It is understood that Robert Strange, Esq., of Wilmington, will appear for the defense, in the case of Mr. McKee.—Raleigh Sentinel.

DIVIDEND.—The First National Bank of Charlotte has declared a dividend of six per cent on the capital stock of the bank, payable on the 1st of July next.

PEACHES.—We saw, on yesterday, the first ripe peaches of the season. The crop promises to be a very fine one.

RALEIGH SENTINEL.

YOUNG THIEVES.—As a Mr. Willis, of Swift Creek, was passing down by the Middle street market, and in the act of putting his pocket-book in his pocket, containing \$11, was snatched out of his hand by two boys, who ran away with the money. The young rogues have not yet been captured.

NEWBORN REBELS.

THE REWARD OF \$1,000.—The sum raised for our citizens for the arrest of the murderers of the Foscue family, has been increased to the above amount.

NEWBORN REBELS.

THE INDIAN WAR.—Desperate Battles Between the Indians and Federal Troops in Colorado.

CHAMPA, N. H., July 7.—The following has just been received from the headquarters of General Custar's command, dated at Riverside, Colorado, forty miles west of Fort Sedgewick, July 6:

On the 24th ult., forty Sioux attacked a detachment of twenty-five men, under Captain Hamilton, near the forks of the Republican River. The Indians were defeated and driven off, with a loss of two warriors killed and several wounded, Hamilton losing only one. On the same day a large band of Sioux warriors surrounded Custar's camp, endeavoring to stampede the horses, but were repulsed without the loss of a single animal. The 26th ult. a detachment of Cheyennes, numbering five or six hundred, attacked and surrounded forty-eight men of the Seventh Cavalry, under Lieutenant Robbins and Cook, who were escorting a supply train from Fort Wallace. The Indians remained about the train for three hours, and made desperate efforts to effect their capture. They gave, in the discharge of their duties, entire satisfaction, so far as we have been able, at any time, to learn.

RALEIGH SENTINEL.

INSTALLATION.—The Rev. P. H. Dalton has been installed as pastor of the Presbyterian Church at Washington, N. C. The Rev. Chas. Phillips, Professor of Mathe-

matics in our State University, presided and delivered the charge. A revival has been in progress in that Church for several days.

OVER AND TERMINER.—The Governor has issued a commission to hold a Court of Justice at Greensboro, N. C., on the 1st of August next, to be held at the County of Lenoir, to His Honor, Judge Warren, the time to be appointed by the Judge.

RALEIGH SENTINEL.

ADDRESS.—The Rev. Joel W. Tucker, Pastor of the Methodist Church at Wilson, delivered the literary address before the graduating class of the Goldsboro Female College, on Thursday.

MURDER.—A negro man was found murdered, several days ago, near Hairston's Ford, in Stokes county. His head had been completely severed from his body and has not yet been found. The body in his house was beset with blood, and his shirt, with a few drops of blood, was found in the chambers. A white man, whose name we have not been able to ascertain, and the negro's wife, have been arrested on suspicion of being the murderers.—Salem Observer.

ARREST OF SUSPECTED MEN.—Three colored men were arrested on the 4th, by Sergeant Collier, on suspicion of being the murderers of the Foscue family. They were placed in charge of the Sheriff and turned over by him to the military authorities.—Newbern Republican.

VERY AMAZING.—We understand that a number of our citizens will leave for Charleston next Sunday afternoon, having received notice to appear before the Court Martial in that city, to give testimony, &c., on the 8th.—Goldsboro Star.

RIGHTS OF FREEDMEN.—The following Circular has been issued by Colonel Nelson A. Miles, Ass't Com'r. Bureau of Refugees, Freedmen and Abandoned Lands:

"In view of the new relations now being inaugurated for the development and elevation of the colored people, and the necessity of good advice and aid which a people long accustomed to the advantages of a free nation should extend to those who are entering a new sphere of life, it is considered the duty of those whose official positions bring them in contact with this class to render assistance, in the work now going on, and endeavor, by all possible means to encourage, counsel and help the preliminaries incident to the enfranchisement of the colored people.

The Officers and Agents of the Bureau, in this State, are reminded that it is made an important part of their duty to inform all freed people of their rights and privileges conferred upon them by the Government, and to assist them in the exercise of their right of suffrage.

It is of great importance that all should be duly informed of this right, and the importance of its exercise. They should be taught the necessity of a prompt and thorough registration, and be assured that they will be protected against every effort offered to carry out the intention of the laws.

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LATEST NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 8, 8 P. M.

SENATE.—Mr. Tamm, from the Judiciary Committee, introduced a bill on reconstruction. The Executive was called on for information regarding Indian hostilities and Mexican affairs.

The Senate, by a vote of 36 to 5, refused to take up a joint resolution thanking General Sheridan, Sickles, Schofield and Pope.

Mr. Grimes thought it would be premature to pass resolutions at this time; they were not sufficiently informed of the merits of the cases to be able to judge. Formerly the thanks of Congress were only tendered on extraordinary occasions, and it was considered a great compliment to any one to receive them, but if this kind of precedent was to be established they would next be tendering thanks to the Governors of the Territories, and the Governor of our new Russian possessions.

Several other ineffectual efforts to introduce general legislation failed, and the Senate adjourned.

The following is the sixth section of the bill reported by the Senate Judiciary Committee: That the true intent and meaning of the oath prescribed in said supplementary act, is, among other things, that no person who has been a member of the Legislature of any State, or who has held any Executive or Judicial office in any State, whether he has sworn to support the Constitution of the United States or not, and who has afterwards engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or given aid or comfort to the enemy thereof, is entitled to be registered or to vote, and the words Executive or Judicial office in any State, in said oath mentioned, shall be construed to include all civil offices created by law for the administration of the several laws of the State.

SENATE.—A large number of bills were introduced and referred without debate.

The committee on elections reported that no person who had given aid or comfort to the rebellion should be allowed to swear in, but disloyalty of constituents or illegality of elections should not prevent a member from holding a certificate and swearing in. The report was laid on the table and ordered to be printed.

A resolution calling for the proceedings of the Cabinet on reconstruction passed, 103 to 25.

Mr. Stevens, from the committee on mine, introduced the following bill:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it is hereby declared to be the true intent and meaning of the act of the 23d day of March, one thousand and one hundred and sixty-seven, entitled "An act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, and for the better regulation of the same," that no person who has been a member of the Legislature of any State, or who has held any Executive or Judicial office in any State, whether he has sworn to support the Constitution of the United States or not, and who has afterwards engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or given aid or comfort to the enemy thereof, is entitled to be registered or to vote, and the words Executive or Judicial office in any State, in said oath mentioned, shall be construed to include all civil offices created by law for the administration of the several laws of the State.

SENATE.—The bill to amend the act of March 23d, 1867, to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, and for the better regulation of the same, was passed, 103 to 25.

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Mr. E. G. Hinton, an old and well known citizen of Petersburg, died on Wednesday morning.

The First African Church in Richmond, Va., has over 10,000 members on its record, and over 3,000 resident members.

It is reported that a plantation in Assumption Parish, Louisiana, is wholly cultivated by Coolie labor.

The reported news from the Pacific has caused a delirium. There is no land within 500 miles of the point designated.

The Czar of Russia, before his departure, left one million of francs to be distributed among the poor of Paris.

Histori, who is playing an engagement at one of the theatres in Paris, does not create much excitement.

A lad at Newburg stole some cherries out of a garden, on Thursday, and was sent to jail for fifteen days.

Hon. Bailie Peyton is the conservative candidate for Congress in the Nashville (Tenn.) district.

A few days ago the ship Allahabad cleared at Savannah, Ga., for Liverpool, with a cargo of cotton valued at \$384,171.

In Alexandria, Virginia, two thousand six hundred and three voters have been registered, of which one thousand four hundred are colored.

A manufactory of American biscuits has just been opened in the Paris Exhibition grounds. It attracts great attention.

Dr. Caldwell, of the White Sulphur Springs, Greenbrier county, Va., died recently.

An Indianapolis carpenter felt a hundred feet from a church steeple the other day, and strange to say was not killed.

A Pittsfield, Mass., woman wore \$30,000 worth of diamonds at a wedding party lately.

Wilmington Wholesale Prices Current.

BREWER, B. 32 @ 34
BEER, CATTLES, 10 @ 10
LARD, 10 @ 10
SUGAR, 10 @ 10
COFFEE, 10 @ 10
TEA, 10 @ 10
RICE, 10 @ 10
WHEAT, 10 @ 10
CORN, 10 @ 10
OATS, 10 @ 10
BARLEY, 10 @ 10
HAY, 10 @ 10
STRAW, 10 @ 10
CLOVER, 10 @ 10
ALFALFA, 10 @ 10
WHEAT, 10 @ 10
CORN, 10 @ 10
OATS, 10 @ 10
BARLEY, 10 @ 10
HAY, 10 @ 10
STRAW, 10 @ 10
CLOVER, 10 @ 10
ALFALFA, 10 @ 10

Wilmington Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JAMES DAWSON.

Gold, 100 @ 100
Silver, 100 @ 100
U. S. 7 1/2's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 5's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 3's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 2's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/2's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/4's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/8's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/16's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/32's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/64's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/128's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/256's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/512's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/1024's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/2048's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/4096's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/8192's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/16384's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/32768's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/65536's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/131072's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/262144's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/524288's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/1048576's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/2097152's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/4194304's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/8388608's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/16777216's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/33554432's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/67108864's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/134217728's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/268435456's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/536870912's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/1073741824's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/2147483648's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/4294967296's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/8589934592's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/17179869184's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/34359738368's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/68719476736's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/137438953472's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/274877906944's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/549755813888's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/1099511627776's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/2199023255552's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/4398046511104's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/8796093022208's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/17592186044416's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/35184372088832's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/70368744177664's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/140737488355328's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/281474976710656's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/562949953421312's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/1125899906842624's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/2251799813685248's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/4503599627370496's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/9007199254740992's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/18014398509481984's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/36028797018963968's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/72057594037927936's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/144115188075855872's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/288230376151711744's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/576460752303423488's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/1152921504606846976's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/2305843009213693952's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/4611686018427387904's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/9223372036854775808's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/18446744073709551616's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/36893488147419103232's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/73786976294838206464's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/147573952589676412928's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/295147905179352825856's, 100 @ 100
U. S. 1/5902

